

LESSON 19 MEMORY VERSE

Read the verse below and fill in the blanks with the appropriate English translation. A translation is provided for any words which you are not expected to know.

Ὅς ὡραῖοι οἱ πόδες τῶν εὐαγγελιζομένων εἰρήνην

_____ (are) _____

Τῶν εὐαγγελιζομένων τὰ ἀγαθά.

_____ (things).

ΠΡΟΣ ΡΩΜΑΙΟΥΣ 10·15

Write the verse in proper English syntax.

LESSON 19.1

Review: recite John 16:33, John 6:47, Colossians 1:2, and Luke 2:7 in Greek and English

Write the Greek word for each English word below.

I depart _____

each other, one another _____

each, every _____

I fear _____

I greet, salute _____

Complete the paradigm for ἀλλήλων:

	singular			plural		
	Masc.	Fem.	Neut.	Masc.	Fem.	Neut.
Nom.						
Gen.				ἀλλήλ	ἀλλήλ	ἀλλήλ
Dat.				ἀλλήλ	ἀλλήλ	ἀλλήλ
Acc.				ἀλλήλ	ἀλλήλ	ἀλλήλ

LESSON 19.2

Orally review the irregular verb forms you have already learned: the present and the imperfect of εἶμί, as well as the deponent forms of the present and future conjugations. (Remember that the deponent forms are the same as the passive forms.)

Complete the present and future conjugations below.

Conjugate	translate		Conjugate	translate
εὕρισκω	<i>I find</i>	1 st		
		2 nd		
		3 rd		
εὕρήσω	<i>I shall find</i>	1 st		
		2 nd		
		3 rd		

Complete the following chart by conjugating λύω in the imperfect passive:

_____	I was being loosed	1 st	_____	we were being loosed
_____	you were being loosed	2 nd	_____	you were being loosed
_____	he was being loosed	3 rd	_____	they were being loosed

In this chart, write the imperfect passive *endings only*

singular		plural
	1 st	
	2 nd	
	3 rd	

Finally, conjugate the verb διώκω in the imperfect passive

	1 st	
I was being persecuted		we were being persecuted
	2 nd	
you were being persecuted		you were being persecuted
	3 rd	
he was being persecuted		they were being persecuted

LESSON 19.3

Review: Recite the paradigms for ἄνθρωπος, δῶρον, and ἀλήθεια.

Recite the paradigm for λύω in the imperfect passive.

Fill in the chart below with the third declension endings.

singular		plural
	N	
	G	
	D	
	A	

What are the three members of the lip family? _____

What happens when they join with a sigma? _____

Write the following verb phrases in Greek, remembering that deponent verbs also use the passive endings.

He was being persecuted _____
 You (s) were being loosed _____
 You(p) were greeting _____
 They were being healed _____
 It was being cut _____
 I was fearing _____

LESSON 19.4

Review: Recite the paradigm for the article, beginning with ὁ.

Recite the paradigm for λύω in the imperfect passive.

Decline ἐγώ and σύ below.

	singular		plural	
	Greek	English	Greek	English
Nom.	ἐγώ			
Gen.				
Dat.				
Acc.				

	singular		plural	
	Greek	English	Greek	English
Nom.	σύ			
Gen.				
Dat.				
Acc.				

Translate the following sentences. Begin by finding the verb, and then look for a subject noun (remember, this will be in the nominative case). Then, determine the function of any remaining words in the sentence, remembering the primary uses of each noun case.

Nominative	→	subject
Genitive	→	possessive (of a)
Dative	→	indirect object (to/for) means (by means of)
Accusative	→	direct object

τὰ ῥήματα ἐγράφοντο ἐν γράμματι ὑπὸ γυναικός.

ἐν ἐκείναις ταῖς ἡμέραις ἐδιδασκόμεθα παραβολῇ καὶ ἐδιδάσκομεν ἀλλήλους.

ἐφοβεόμην τὴν χειρὰ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ὅτι ἐδιωκόμην ὑπὸ αὐτοῦ.

ἡ γραφή διδάσκει ἐκάστην ἐντολὴν λόγοις σοφίας.

ὑπὲρ τῆς μητρὸς αὐτῆς ἡ γυνὴ ἠσπάζετο τὸν κύριον.

LESSON 19.5

Conjugate κόπτω in the present passive and in the imperfect passive. Provide English translations orally.

Present Passive			Imperfect Passive		
<i>singular</i>		<i>plural</i>	<i>singular</i>		<i>plural</i>
	1 st			1 st	
	2 nd			2 nd	
	3 rd			3 rd	